

Probability and Statistics (250231) Second Exam Sunday, 29 April 2018 Time: 50 minutes.

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Question One: (2.0 points each). Write the correct answer for each of the following in the table provided. Only the answers in the table will be graded.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

- 1. The **70**th percentile of the data 14, 21, 26, 27, 28, 32, 35, 35, 38, 45, 48, 50, 51, 51, 57 equals
 - **A.** 51.
 - **C.** 45.

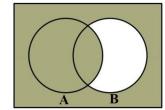
- **B.** 48.
- **D.** 38.
- 2. If a distribution is right—skewed, then
 - A. Mode < Mean < Median
 - C. Mode < Median < Mean

- **B.** Mean < Median < Mode
- D. Median < Mean < Mode
- 3. For a sample with mean $\bar{x}=38$ and standard deviation s=10, the **z** –score of x=40 is
 - A. -0.5
 - C. 0.5

- B. -0.2
- D. 0.2
- **4.** A sample with 420 observations **normally distributed (bell–shaped)** has mean $\bar{x} = 60$ and standard deviation s = 3. The number of observations in the interval [54,66] is at least
 - **A.** 228
 - **C.** 399

- B. 272D. 136
- 5. For a sample space $S = \{e_1, e_2, e_3\}$, if $P(e_1) = 2P(e_3)$ and $P(e_2) = \frac{1}{5}$, then $P(e_1)$ equals
 - A. $\frac{3}{5}$
 - C. $\frac{2}{15}$

- B. $\frac{8}{15}$
- D. $\frac{3}{20}$
- 6. The shaded region (المنطقة المظللة) in the Venn diagram shown represents (تمثل) the event
 - A. $\bar{A} \cap B$
 - B. $\bar{A} \cup B$
 - C. $A \cap \overline{B}$
 - D. $A \cup \overline{B}$



- 7. If A and B are disjoint events such that P(A) = 0.35 and P(B) = 0.50, then the probability that both events will not occur is
 - **A.** 0
 - C. 0.85

- B. 0.675
- D. 0.15

Question Two: (2+3 points)

For n=5 ordered pairs (أزواج مرتبة) data we have

$$\sum x = 4$$

$$\sum y = 13$$

$$\sum (x^2) = 18$$

$$\sum (y^2) = 37.5$$

$$\sum (xy) = 3$$

Find:

1) Pearson's correlation coefficient r.

2) The regression line equation that best fits the data.

Question Three: (3 points)

Let A and B be two exhaustive events such that P(A) = 0.76 and P(B) = 0.58. Evaluate P(B-A).