



INTERNATIONALISATION AT HOME;

THE UNIVERSITY OF ALICANTE APPROACH



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CONTEXT

- 'Internationalisation at home' is very much a matter for the individual higher education Institution. However, a university does not exist isolated.
- The extent to which it can hope to internationalise itself is therefore also **influenced by forces** which originate from outside of its walls:
 - Governmental policies (regional, national, international) + Funding
 - Globalisation

Internationalisation "abroad"

Movement of people

Recruitment of international students

Strategic alliances

Staff & student exchanges

Alumni networks

International volunteering & work placements

Joint appointments

International

Academic & research partnerships

projects Joint publications

EU projects

Business partnerships & development of companies

Mobility of programmes

Joint degrees

Franchises, twinning

QA & validation

Mobility of providers

Branch centres & campuses

New institutions

Regional offices



Internationalisation "at home"

Services & extracurricular activities International relevance, perspectives in curricula

Study abroad, study visits

Internationalisation of research

Foreign language skills

Tailored support for students

International foundation programmes



International recruitment of staff
Different pedagogical cultures
Staff development & inter-cultural awareness

Curricula, programmes, research

Improvement of facilities & diversity of provision Participation in social & cultural life of campus & wider community

Implementation of Lisbon convention (recognition of qualifications)

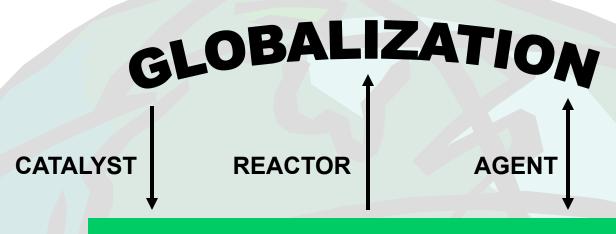
International approaches to widening participation



IMPACTS



- 'Internationalisation at home' = 'cultural diversity at home' & its advantages:
- intercultural learning as an approach to addressing conflict, encouraging awareness of conflicts and their cultural dimensions and origin.
 - cultural diversity as a general resource and potential enrichment. Intercultural learning, although a process of individual development, cannot be left to the initiative of individuals alone.



INTERNATIONALIZATION

AT HOME

- curriculum/ teaching / learning
- open access education &resources
- domestic students / faculty
- international student / scholars
- extracurricular activity
- research

ABROAD / CROSSBORDER

Mobility of

- people
- programs
- providers
- projects / services
- policy



INTERNATIONALISING ...(1)

- Be **patient and realistic**. These kinds of changes in thinking and attitudes take time and effort.
- Look for good and concrete examples of internationalised curricula. This greatly facilitates the implementation process.
- Bring together and support faculty and students with a strong interest in internationalising the curriculum.



INTERNATIONALISING ...(2)

• **Encourage** all **faculty** to visit and work at foreign universities. How? Funding available...

Make use of the international community
 (immigrants or expatriates) in the surrounding society –
 here lie fantastic resources and cultural treasures just waiting for us.



INTERNATIONALISING ... (3)

- Give **IRO specific role** on this topic, as stimulator and facilitator of international education.
- Encourage teachers and computer staff to collaborate in projects for international cooperation and new ideas for a virtual international classroom.





UA GOOD PRACTICE: IBP

http://economicas.ua.es/en/vri/internationalbusiness-programme/international-businessprogramme.html

Thank you, Merci, شکرا, Gracias!

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