

# The Electrical Engineering

## Program Benchmarks

### 1. Introduction

**Electrical engineering Profession** is a field of engineering that deals with the applications of electricity, electronics and electromagnetism. Electrical engineering is considered also to deal with the problems associated with large-scale electrical systems such as power transmission machine design and motor control. This implies that electrical engineers are usually concerned with the generation, transmission, distribution and utilization of electrical energy.

Electrical engineers typically possess an academic degree with a major in electrical engineering. The degree generally includes units covering physics, mathematics, computer science, project management and specific topics in electrical engineering.

The usual tasks of electrical engineers start from the generation of electrical energy to the Global Positioning System .The electrical engineers have contributed to the development of a wide range of technologies. They design, develop, test and supervise the deployment of electrical systems and industrial electronic devices. They may work on the design and operation of electric power stations, the lighting and wiring of buildings, the design of household appliances or the electrical control of industrial machinery. Satellite communications is one of many projects an electrical engineer might work on.

The outcome of Electrical Engineering is a product, or perhaps a process or system; so that it distinguishes it from Science and Mathematics. Thus, the criteria of content of electrical engineering degree may be set out as in Table 1.

The primary purposes of the Benchmarking Statements are to assist:

- Higher education institutions in designing and validating programs of study;
- Academic reviewers and external examiners in verifying and comparing standards;
- Where appropriate, professional bodies during accreditation and review process;
- Students and employers when seeking information about higher education provision.

**Table 1: Criteria of content of Electrical Engineering Program:**

Engineering practice	
<b>knowledge and understanding of</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• manufacturing and/or operational practice</li><li>• codes of practice and the regulatory framework</li><li>• requirements for safe and secure operation</li></ul>
<b>Intellectual abilities</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ability to produce solutions to problems through the application of methodologies related to electrical engineering</li></ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>knowledge and understanding ability to undertake technical risk evaluation</li> </ul>
<b><i>Practical skills</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ability to apply electrical engineering techniques taking account of industrial and commercial constraints</li> <li>project management and application of electrical engineering practice , softwares and engineering methodologies</li> </ul>
<b><i>General transferable skills</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the use of engineering approach to the solution of problems</li> <li>time and resource management</li> <li>teamwork and leadership</li> </ul>

## 2. Assessment

In developing an assessment strategy some key factors should be considered:

- There must be sufficient clearly identified opportunities for students to demonstrate that they have met the threshold in all components of the benchmark;
- Achievement of threshold standards may, in some cases, be implicit in the learning process (e.g. the completion of a project may demonstrate attainment of some general transferable skills);
- Achievement of threshold standards should be possible without an individual student being required to pass all units of assessment. For example, a particular unit may include the assessment of only one element of the benchmark. A student may achieve the threshold in this element but not achieve a pass mark in the unit as a whole.
- Careful selection from a wide range of assessment methods can make the process more efficient and effective;
- It is important that the strategy provides sufficient opportunity for the best students to exhibit the level of innovation and creativity associated with excellence.

## 3. Recommendations

- The Benchmark Statements set out in Table 2 and based upon the rationale provided by the Criteria for Content above should be used to guide the academic review of programs in engineering.
- Individual disciplines within engineering should use the generic criteria of content in Table 1 to provide an interpretation of content and balance of attainment for their own discipline.
- Professional Engineering Institutions when setting criteria for their discipline and for the sections of the Engineering Council Register, for which they hold responsibility, should relate them to the generic criteria and the appropriate discipline-specific interpretation.

**Table 2: Benchmark Statements:**

Engineering practice	Threshold	Good	Excellent
<b>Knowledge and understanding of</b>			
• manufacturing and/or operational practice	has a basic knowledge of current practice in the real world	has a wide knowledge and good understanding of current practice	has a comprehensive understanding of current practice, its limitations, and likely new developments
• codes of practice and the regulatory framework	has knowledge of specific codes of practice in routine problems, including the role of design factors	has knowledge and some understanding of specific codes of practice, with some understanding of the limitations of the techniques and design factors involved	has understanding of appropriate codes of practice, with wide understanding of the limits of the code and design factors involved
• requirements for safe and secure operation	has a basic knowledge of codes of practice relating to hazards and operational safety understands the need for operational safety by design and good working practices	has knowledge and understanding of codes of practice relating to hazards and operational safety and can apply these to familiar and some unfamiliar situations	has a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of codes of practice relating to hazards and operational safety, and can apply these to a wide range of situations
<b>Intellectual abilities</b>			
• ability to produce solutions to problems through the application of methodologies related to electrical engineering	can integrate knowledge of mathematics, science, electrical system design, business context and electrical engineering practice, to solve routine problems as taught	can integrate knowledge of mathematics, science, electrical system design, business context and electrical engineering practice, to solve a wide range of electrical engineering problems applying profound understanding to novel and challenging situations, is aware of limitations of solution methods, can make general evaluations of technical risks, through an understanding of the basis of such risks	can integrate knowledge of mathematics, science, electrical system design, business context and electrical engineering practice, to solve a wide range of electrical engineering problems applying profound understanding to novel and challenging situations, is aware of limitations of solution methods, can make general evaluations of technical risks, through an understanding of the basis of such risks
• knowledge and understanding ability to undertake technical risk evaluation	can evaluate typical technical risks, using the appropriate tools as taught	can evaluate technical risks, even in some unfamiliar circumstances	can evaluate technical risks, even in some unfamiliar circumstances
<b>Practical skills</b>			
• ability to apply electrical engineering techniques taking account of industrial and commercial constraints	has some experience of applying electrical engineering techniques taking account of commercial and industrial constraints	has experience of applying electrical engineering techniques taking account of a range of commercial and industrial constraints	has experience of applying electrical engineering techniques taking account of a wide range of commercial and industrial constraints
• project management and application of System and software engineering methodologies	can develop a project plan, identifying the resource requirements, and the timescales involved	can apply standard management techniques to plan and allocate resources to projects	can develop, monitor and update a plan, to reflect a changing operating environment

<b>General transferable skills</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the electrical engineering approach to the solution of problems</li> <li>• time and resource management</li> <li>• teamwork and leadership</li> </ul>	<p>can solve some general problems through systematic analysis and design methods</p> <p>can develop a personal plan of work to meet a deadline and to identify the main external constraints</p> <p>can work as part of a team</p>	<p>can solve some general problems through systematic analysis and design methods and where necessary, learn new theories, concepts, methods etc in an unfamiliar situation outside the discipline area</p> <p>can identify the critical activities within a personal plan of work</p> <p>can undertake many of the roles within a team</p>	<p>can solve some general problems through systematic analysis and planning, and where necessary, learn new theories, concepts, methods etc in an unfamiliar situation outside the discipline area</p> <p>can monitor and adjust a personal program of work on an on-going basis</p> <p>can undertake most of the roles within a team including leadership</p>
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