Philadelphia University	PHILADELPHIA	Approved Date: 10/2022
Faculty: Pharmacy	UNIVERSITY	Issue:
<b>Department: Pharmacy</b>	THE WAY TO THE FUTURE	Credit Hours: 1
Academic Year: 2022- 2023	Course Syllabus	Bachler:

#### **Course Information**

Course No.	Course Title		Prerequisite
0520515	0520515 Pharmaceutical Communication Skills		0520328 Pharmacology 1
	Course Type	Class Time	Room No.
☐ Fucl ☐ Majo ☐ Elec	virsity Requirement ty Requirement or Requirement tive pulsory	18:30-19:30	

#### **Instructure Information**

Name	Office No.	Phone No.	Office Hours	E-mail
Tahani Bahnasi	529	2118	10-11	tbahnasi@philadelphia.edu.jo

### **Course Delivery Method**

☐ Blended	☐ Online		
Learning Model			
Percentage	Synchronous	Asynchronous	Physical
			100%

#### **Course Description**

Pharmacists have a responsibility to not only dispense appropriate medications but also to ensure patient understanding of the medications they use. Pharmacists must acknowledge the value of interpersonal communication as an essential element in building trust between patients and the pharmacy community. The following topics may be emphasized: patient-centered communication in pharmacy practice, principles and elements of interpersonal communication, nonverbal communications, listening and responding to patients, interviewing and assessment, helping patients manage therapeutic regimens, medication safety and communication skills, and electronic communication in health care.

# **Course Learning Outcomes**

Number	Outcome	Corresponding Program Outcomes	Corresponding Competencies			
	Knowledge					
K1	Demonstrate the basic concepts of communication with patients, the means of listening, responding, interviewing, assessment, manage the therapeutic regimes for patients, and utilize the electronic communication means pertinent to the health care.	Кр5	C5			
K2	Identify common barriers to verbal communication and describe ways to overcome each barrier.	Кр5	C5			
	Skills					
S1	Identify patient situations that affect patient-pharmacist communication and suggest ways to deal with each situation.	Sp2, Sp3	C8, C9			
<b>S2</b>	State how to convey respect for patients.	Sp4	C10			
S3	Describe how to promote two-way communication with patients and health care professionals.	Sp5, Sp6	C11, C12			

# **Learning Resources**

Course Textbook	Communication Skills in Pharmacy Practice: A Practical Guide	
	for Students and Practitioners, Robert S. Beardsley, Carole L.	
	Kimberlin, and William N. Tindall, Sixth edition, Lippincott	
	Williams and Wilkins, 2012	
<b>Supporting References</b>	Community Pharmacy, symptoms diagnosis and treatment, Rutter, P.,	
	4 <sup>th</sup> ed. Elsevier, Edinburgh; 2017. ISBN 978-0-7020-6997-0	
<b>Supporting Websites</b>	- Google for images	
	- <u>https://www.jpa.org.jo/</u>	
	- https://www.pharmacist.com/	
	- <a href="https://www.fip.org/">https://www.fip.org/</a>	
<b>Teaching Environment</b>	Classroom laboratory Learning Platform Other	

## **Meetings and Subjects Time Table**

Week	Торіс	Learning Method*	Task	Learning Material
1	Vision and Mission of Faculty of Pharmacy  Course Syllabus	Lecture		
2	Introduction Chapter 1. Potient Centered	Lecture		
3	Chapter 1: Patient-Centered Communication in Pharmacy Practice	Problem solving based learning	Case study	
5	Chapter 2: Principles and Elements of Interpersonal Communication	Lecture		
7	Chapter 3 Nonverbal Communication	Problem solving based learning	Case study	Provided in
8 Mid exam	Chapter 4: Barriers to Communication	Lecture  Problem solving based learning		the Learning Resources table
10		Lecture		
11	Chapter 5: Listening and Empathic Responding	Collaborative learning		
12		Lecture		
13	Chapter 8 Helping Patients Manage Therapeutic Regimens	Problem solving based learning	Case study	
14	Chapter 9 Medication Safety and Communication Skills	Lecture		
15	Chapter 14 Ethical Behavior when Communicating with Patients	Lecture		
16	Final Exam			

<sup>\*</sup>Includes: lecture, flipped Class, project based learning, problem solving based learning, collaboration learning.

## **Course Contributing to Learner Skill Development**

Using Technology	
<ul> <li>Using powerpoint or any relevant program for preparing presentations</li> </ul>	
Communication Skills	
Interaction in class while solving case-study	
Application of Concept Learnt	
<ul> <li>Apply the knowledge obtained from this course to state how to communicate effectively with patients, physicians, nurses, and other pharmacists.</li> </ul>	

### **Assessment Methods and Grade Distribution**

Assessment Methods	Grade	Assessment Time (Week No.)	Course Outcomes to be Assessed
Mid Term Exam	30%	11th Week	K1, K2, S1, S2, S3
Term Works*	30%	Continous	K1, K2, S1, S2, S3
Final Exam	40%	16th Week	K1, K2, S1, S2, S3
Total	100%		

<sup>\*</sup> Include: quizzes, in-class and out of class assignment, presentations, reports, videotaped assignment, group or individual project.

## **Alignment of Course Outcomes with Learning and Assessment Methods**

Number	Learning Outcomes	Corresponding Competencies	Learning Method*	Assessment Method**
		Knowledge		
K1	Demonstrate the basic concepts of	C5	Lectures	Subjective quiz
	communication with patients, the means of listening, responding, interviewing, assessment, manage the therapeutic regimes for patients, and utilize the electronic communication means pertinent to the health care.		Collaboration learning	Exam/Objective questions
К2	Identify common barriers to verbal communication and describe ways to overcome each barrier.	C5	Lectures Collaboration learning	Subjective quiz  Exam/Objective questions
		Skills		
S1	Identify patient situations that affect	C8, C9	Lecture Problem	Case Study
	patient-pharmacist communication and suggest ways to deal with		solving based learning	Subjective quiz  Exam/Objective
	each situation.		_	questions
S2	State how to convey respect for patients.	C10	Lecture	Case Study
			Problem solving based	Subjective quiz
			learning	Exam/Objective questions

<b>S3</b>	Describe how to promote	C11, C12	Lecture	Case Study
	two-way communication			
	with patients and health		Problem	Subjective quiz
	care professionals.		solving based	
	_		learning	Exam/Objective
				questions

<sup>\*</sup>Include: lecture, flipped class, project based learning, problem solving based learning, collaboration learning.

\*\* Include: quizzes, in-class and out of class assignments, presentations, reports, videotaped assignments, group or individual projects.

#### **Course Polices**

Policy	Policy Requirements	
Passing Grade	The minimum pass for the course is $(50\%)$ and the minimum final mark is $(35\%)$ .	
Missing Exams	<ul> <li>Anyone absent from a declared semester exam without a sick compulsive excuse accepted by the dean of the college that propose the course, a zero mark shall be placed on that exam and calculate in his final mark.</li> <li>Anyone absent from a declared semester exam with a sick compulsive excuse accepted by the dean of the college that propose the course must submit proof of his excuse within a week from the date of the excuse's disappearance, and in this case, the subject teacher must hold a compensation exam for the student.</li> <li>Anyone absent from a final exam with a sick excuse or a compulsive excuse accepted by the dean of the college that proposes the materians to submit proof of his excuse within three days from the date.</li> </ul>	
Attendance	holding that exam.  The student is not allowed to be absent more than (15%) of the total hours prescribed for the course, which equates to six lecture days (n t) and seven lectures (days). If the student misses more than (15%) of the total hours prescribed for the course without a satisfactory or compulsive excuse accepted by the dean of the faculty, he is prohibited from taking the final exam and his result in that subject is considered (zero), but if the absence is due to illness or a compulsive excuse accepted by the dean of the college that The article is introduced, it is considered withdrawn from that article, and the provisions of withdrawal shall apply to it.	
Academic Integrity  Philadelphia University pays special attention to the issue of acade integrity, and the penalties stipulated in the university's instruction applied to those who are proven to have committed an act that vio academic integrity, such as cheating, plagiarism (academic theft), colluintellectual property rights.		

## **Program Learning Outcomes to be Assessed in this Course**

Number	Learning Outcome	Course Title	Assessment Method	Targeted Performance level

# **Description of Program learning Outcomes Assessment Method**

Number	Detailed Description of Assessment		

Assessment Rubric of the Program Learning Outcomes			