**Philadelphia University** 

Faculty of Science

**Department of Math** 

Academic year 2022/2023



#### **Course information**

Course#		Course title			Prerequisite	
250372		Computer Aided Mathematics		ODEs 250203		
Course type			Class	time	Room #	
🗆 University Requi	□ University Requirement □ Faculty Requirement		SMT	WT	2827	
🛛 Major Requirem	ent	$\Box$ Elective	⊠ Compulsory	11:30-	12:30	2827

#### **Instructor Information**

Name	Office No.	Phone No.	Office Hours	E-mail
Feras Awad	822	2132	SMTWT 10:15-11:15	fawad@philadelphia.edu.jo

#### **Course Delivery Method**

Course Delivery Method					
$\Box$ Physical $\Box$ Online $\Box$ Blended					
	Learning Model				
Duccontago	Synchronous	Asynchronous	Physical		
Precentage	0%	33%	67%		

#### **Course Description**

What is Mathematica? The structure of Mathematica, Notebook interfaces, editing Cells and Text, Palettes. Mathematica as a Calculator: Basic Arithmetic, precedence, Built-in Constants: Built-in functions. Numerical Notation: prefix, postfix, infix forms for Built-in functions, Mathematica help. Variables and functions: Rules for Names, immediate Assignment, functions, substitution rule, anonymous functions. Lists: what is a list? Functions producing lists, working with elements of list, listable functions, useful functions. Logic and set theory: being logical, truth tables, element handling sets. Quantifiers, number theoretic functions, numerical functions. Fibonacci sequence, digits in Numbers, selecting from lists. Computer algebra: working with polynomials and powers. Working with rational functions. working with transcendental functions. Solving equations: equations and their solutions, inequalities, single variable calculus: function domain and range, limits, differentiation, implicit differentiation, Maximum and minimum, integration. Sums and products: sequences, the sum command, Taylor polynomials, the product command, vectors and matrices: vectors, Matrices, the conditional function if. Special types of matrices. Basic matrix operations, solving linear systems.

# **Course Learning Outcomes**

Number	Outcomes	Corresponding Program outcomes			
	Knowledge				
K1	Understand the basic principles of the Wolfram Language.	K <sub>p</sub> 1			
K2	<b>K2</b> Learn the use of commands and functions for solving and visualizing mathematical problems.				
	Skills				
<b>S1</b>	S1 Use Wolfram Language to solve problems graphically, numerically and analytically.				
	Competencies				
C1	Thinking reasonably and the ability to make decisions.	C <sub>p</sub> 1			
C2	Work in a team to implement one of the tasks of the course.	Cp2			

# Learning Resources

Course textbook	• Feras Awad (2022) A Glimpse to Mathematica [Wolfram Language] (4 <sup>th</sup> ed.). Instructor Lectures and Notes.			
Supporting References	<ul> <li>Wellin, P. (2013) Programming with Mathematica: An Introduction (1<sup>st</sup> ed.). Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>Hastings, C., Mischo, K., Michael M. (2015) Hands-on start to Wolfram Mathematica (1<sup>st</sup> ed.). Champaign: Wolfram Media, Inc.</li> </ul>			
Supporting websites	WolframCloud: www.wolframcloud.com/			
<b>Teaching Environment</b>	□Classroom ⊠ laboratory ⊠Learning platform □Other			

# Meetings and Subjects Timetable

Week	Торіс	Learning Methods	Tasks	Learning Material
	Explanation of the study plan for the course, and what is expected to be accomplished by the students.			Course Syllabus Chapter 1
1	What Is the Wolfram Language? Wolfram Cloud. What is Mathematica? The Structure of Mathematica. Common Kinds of Interfaces to Mathematica. Notebook Interfaces. Editing Cells and Text. Palettes	Lecture		
	Mathematica as a Calculator: Commands for Basic Arithmetic. Precedence. Built-in Constants. Built-in Functions. Numerical and Scientific Notations. Prefix and Postfix Forms for Built-in Functions. Mathematica Help	Lecture		Chapter 2
2	Variables and Functions: Rules for Names. Immediate Assignment. Functions. Substitution Rule.	Lecture		Chapter 3

ľ	Anonymous Functions. Functions with Conditions. Recursion	Lecture	Quiz	Chapter 3
3	Lists: What is a List? Functions Producing Lists. Displaying Lists. Working with Elements of a List. Pseudorandom Numbers.	Lecture		Chapter 4
	Useful Functions. Listable Functions. Nested Loops.	Lecture	Quiz	Chapter 4
	Vectors. Matrices. Special Types of Matrices. Basic Matrix Operations	Lecture	Project	Chapter 4
4	Logic and Set Theory: Being Logical. Truth Tables. Element "∈". Handling Sets. Quantifiers	Lecture		Chapter 5
	Number Theory Primes. Integer Factorization. Digits in Numbers. Fibonacci Sequence.	Lecture		Chapter 6
5	Number Theoretic Functions. Selecting from Lists	Lecture	Project	Chapter 6
	<b>Computer Algebra and Solving Equations</b> Working with Polynomials and Powers. Working with Rational Functions. Working with Transcendental Functions.	Lecture	Quiz	Chapter 7
	Equations and Their Solutions. Inequalities	Lecture		Chapter 7
6	Single Variable Calculus: Limits. Differentiation. Maximum and Minimum. Integration.	Lecture		Chapter 8
	Sequences. Series. Taylor Polynomials	Lecture	Quiz	Chapter 8
7	Final Exam			

\* Includes: Lecture, flipped Class, project- based learning, problem solving based learning, collaborative learning

#### **Course Contributing to Learner Skill Development**

Using Technology				
• Use Wolfram Language to solve mathematical problems.				
Communication Skills				
• Choose a mathematical problem and present it to the students and explaining its solution method using Wolfram Language.				
Application of Concepts Learnt				
• Choose a famous math problem on YouTube and solve it using Wolfram Language.				

#### Assessment Methods and Grade Distribution

Assessment Methods	Grade Weight	Assessment Time (Week No.)	Link to Course Outcomes
Mid Term Exam	30%	4	K1, K2
Various Assessments *	30%	Continuous	S1, C1, C2
Final Exam	40%	6	K1, K2
Total	100%		

\* Includes: quiz, in class and out of class assignment, presentations, reports, videotaped assignment, group or individual projects.

### Alignment of Course Outcomes with Learning and Assessment Methods

Number	Learning Outcomes	Learning Method*	Assessment Method**			
	Knowledge					
K1	Understand the basic principles of the Wolfram Language.	Lecture	Exam			
K2	Learn the use of commands and functions for solving and visualizing mathematical problems.	Lecture	Exam			
	Skills					
S1	Use Wolfram Language to solve problems graphically, numerically and analytically.	Lecture	Computer Assignment			
	Competencies					
C1	Thinking reasonably and the ability to make decisions.	Discussion	Quiz			
C2	Work in a team to implement one of the tasks of the course.	Project	Group Project			

\* Includes: Lecture, flipped Class, project- based learning, problem solving based learning, collaborative learning

\*\* Includes: quiz, in class and out of class assignment, presentations, reports, videotaped assignment, group or individual projects.

#### **Course Polices**

Policy	Policy Requirements
Passing Grade	The minimum passing grade for the course is (50%) and the minimum final mark recorded on transcript is (35%).
<ul> <li>Missing an exam without a valid excuse will result in a zero be assigned to the exam or assessment.</li> <li>A Student who misses an exam or scheduled assessmen legitimate reason, must submit an official written excuse week from an exam or assessment due date.</li> <li>A student who has an excuse for missing a final exam should the excuse to the dean within three days of the missed exam d</li> </ul>	
Attendance	The student is not allowed to be absent more than (15%) of the total hours prescribed for the course, which equates to six lectures days (M, W) and six lectures (S, T). If the student misses more than (15%) of the total hours prescribed for the course without a satisfactory excuse accepted by the dean of the faculty, s/he will be prohibited from taking the final exam and the grade in that course is considered (zero), but if the absence is due to illness or a compulsive excuse accepted by the dean of the college, then withdrawal grade will be recorded.
Academic Honesty	Philadelphia University pays special attention to the issue of academic integrity, and the penalties stipulated in the university's instructions are applied to those who are proven to have committed an act that violates academic integrity, such as: cheating, plagiarism (academic theft), collusion, and violating intellectual property rights.

### **Program Learning Outcomes to be Assessed in this Course**

Number	Learning Outcome	Course Title	Assessment Method	Target Performance level
Sp4	The use of technology and software in the various fields of mathematics.	Computer Aided Mathematics	Project	100% of the students get 70% or more on the rubric

### **Description of Program Learning Outcome Assessment Method**

Number	Detailed Description of Assessment		
Sp4	The student is given a problem, and use Wolfram Language to write a code that solves the problem.		

## Assessment Rubric of the Program Learning Outcome

	<b>Poor</b> (1 pt.) Student is very confused and does not understand the topic, nor is able to clearly grasp how to apply it or when to use it.	Fair (2 pts) Student has a decent grasp of the process but makes some major mistakes.	<b>Good</b> (3 pts) Student is almost perfect in their understanding of the topic, with some minor confusion or mistakes.
<b>Code Structure</b> Structure of code, use of functions and procedures, code segmentation	Long code segments, improper usage of functions, functions with side effects.	Code structure needs work.	Code structure has perfectly followed guidelines. Short code segments, proper use of functions.
Code Reuse How well code reuse is implemented	Too much redundancy in code	Occasional code redundancy	No code redundancy
<b>Correctness</b> How correct is the output of the program	Program does not work correctly; output is wrong most of the time or there is no output.	Program works correctly in general in most areas but not in all areas.	Program works correctly in all areas and generates correct output.
<b>Execution</b> How smoothly does the program execute - are there any bugs	Program does not execute.	Program executes but crashes in some areas.	Program executes perfectly.