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A SOFTWARE TOOL FOR WEB-BASED DISTANCE LEARNING Systems design

Dr. Kasim M. Al-Aubidy

Alaa Bakheet & Samar Al-Rayyes

Computer Engineering. Dept., Philadelphia University, JORDAN

Objective

A flexible softy learning syst two parts:

Demonstrated by: Alaa Bakheet & Samar Al-Rayyes

the first part present attempt to introduce a software to a for development of a web-based distance-learning course.

The second part covers the design of a fuzzy decision making system to deal with vague information.

Computer-Based Learning Systems:



Computer-Based Learning Systems:

Due to the progress of computers and communications technologies, it is possible to handle transmission of text, image and voice through internet.

The use of internet has the advantage that it is not restricted to the time and place. People can study at any time and any place as they wish.

Computer-Based Learning Systems:



System Design

The world wide web (www) technology is very suitable for building distance learning systems.

Using the web as both a library and a virtual classroom is a logical way to set up distance learning.

The proposed system software is to be established on a web server.

Learners can access the server from a personal computer (client) connected to the server.

System Layout



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Objective

The proposed software tool can be accessed by the course instructor, learners and guests.

Guest:

can view course outline of available courses, and can go through the registration process to attend any course.

Learner:

can access the teaching materials of any course in his list.

Instructor:

can add and update the teaching materials.

Instructor Page:



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Learner Page:

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Web-base	d Distance Learning	<u>⊥</u> 2''3			
Courses Intelling	Learner Name	Adminit Ali			
Course: Internge	Learner Level	A			
	Backward Chaining				
 Overview 	Forward-chaining is a good inference technique if	we are working with a probl			
Table of	that requires us to begin with information and the	n derive logical conclusions.			
Contents	In other problems, we begin with a hypothesis (go	al) and attempt to prove it by			
 Instructor 	gathering supporting information. This requires a goal-driven reasoning which is called backward chaining				
- Qunit D	Example Consider the following set of rules: R1: IF A AND C THEN E R2: IF B AND C THEN E R3: IF A AND D THEN C R4: IF E THEN F				
- Abstract					
Normal					
- Details					
- Test					
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Teaching Materials:

- Each educational unit consists of several pages of HTML text and JPEG images.
- Each page consists buttons such as; NEXT: a request to view the next page. BACK: a request to view the previous page. DETAILS: more details about the given materials. SEARCH: searching words and phrases in T.M. E-MAIL: authorized learner is automaticallylisted in the mailing list related to this course. learner can communicate with the instructor and learners. TEST: either self test or unit test. EXIT: a request to stop learning.

Decision Making Module

Check if the learner is authorized to access the learning system or not.

Check the learner information, to provide appropriate teaching materials to each learner.

Manage the teaching materials.

Check the learner's degree of understanding.

Analyses the collected information about each learner to update his/her knowledge level.

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Fuzzy Set Theory and Learning

Human thinking and reasoning involve vague information; therefore, educational systems should be able to cope with such vagueness.

Vagueness is related to the following source:

- Information provided by the learner.
- The current knowledge level of the learner.
- The evaluation of the leaner level.
- The experience of the instructor.
- The objective behind the course materials.

Fuzzy Set Theory:



Learning System:

In modern educational systems, Fuzzy Set Theory concepts can be used for solving problems related to:

- Modeling of the learner.
- Modeling of the instructor experience.
- Identification of the learner knowledge level during each educational unit.
- Modeling of real world environments.
- Algorithms for on-line 3-D graphic generation.
- Real-time control of the changing virtual reality.
- Decision making for learning path selection.
- Overall evaluation of the learner.

Learning System:



Decision Making



Learning System:

	CLA	CLB	CLC
TE	NLA	NLA	NLB
TVG	NLA	NLA	NLB
TG	NLA	NLB	NLC
TP	NLB	NLC	NLC
TF	NLB	NLC	NLC
TT	NLC	NLC	ΟΠΤ

IF CLB AND TVG THEN NLA

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Learners Records

Learner No.	CLL	Total contact Time (min)	NLL
1	A	210	В
2	A	255	A
3	A	240	A
4	В	405	В
5	B	390	B

Learners Records

Learner No.	CLL	Total contact Time (min)	NLL
6	В	375	С
7	В	425	A
8	С	455	С
9	С	520	В
10	С	590	B

Conclusions





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