



Name:

Serial number: Section:

Quistion: 1 (5 marks)

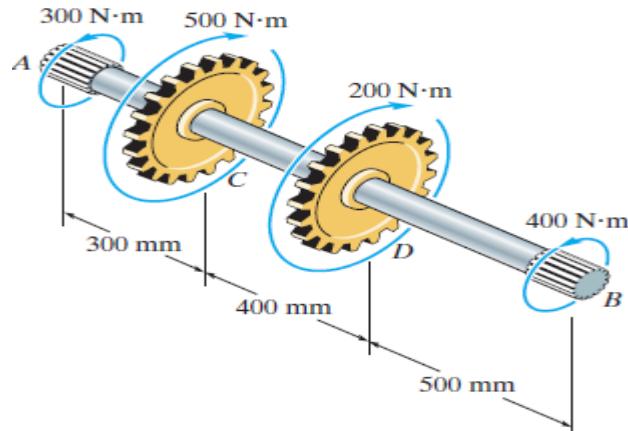
The shearing stress of a solid shaft is not to exceed 40 N/mm^2 when the torque transmitted is 20000 N.m. Determine the minimum diameter of the shaft.

$$C = \left(\frac{2T}{\pi \tau_{\text{allow}}} \right)^{1/3} = \left(\frac{2(20000 \times 10^3) \text{ N-mm}}{\pi (40 \text{ N/mm})} \right)^{1/3} = 68,2 \text{ mm}$$

$$d = 2c \Rightarrow d = 2(68,2) \Rightarrow d = 136,4 \text{ mm}$$

Quistion: 2 (7 marks)

The 40 mm diameter A- 36 steel shaft is subjected to torques shown in figure. Determine the angle of twist of end B with respect to end A. (take $G = 75 \text{ Gpa}$).



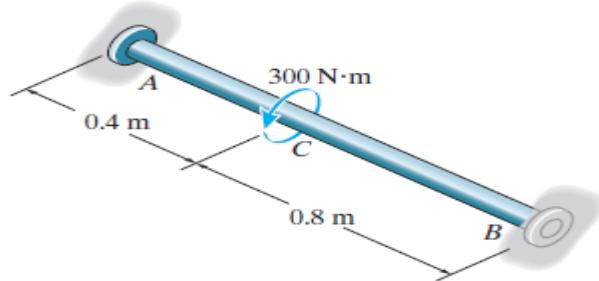
$$\phi_{B/A} = \sum \frac{TL}{JG} = \frac{-300(0.3)}{JG} + \frac{200(0.4)}{JG} + \frac{400(0.5)}{JG} = \frac{190}{JG} = \frac{190}{\frac{\pi}{2}(0.02^4)(75)(10^9)}$$

$$= 0.01008 \text{ rad} = 0.578^\circ$$

Quistion 3

(8 marks)

Find the torque reaction at ends A and B, for 50 mm diameter steel shaft loaded as shown in figure.



$$T_A + T_B - 300 = 0$$

$$\phi_{C/A} = \phi_{C/B}$$

$$\frac{T_A(0.4)}{JG} = \frac{T_B(0.8)}{JG}$$

$$T_A = 2.00T_B$$

$$T_A = 200 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \quad T_B = 100 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$