



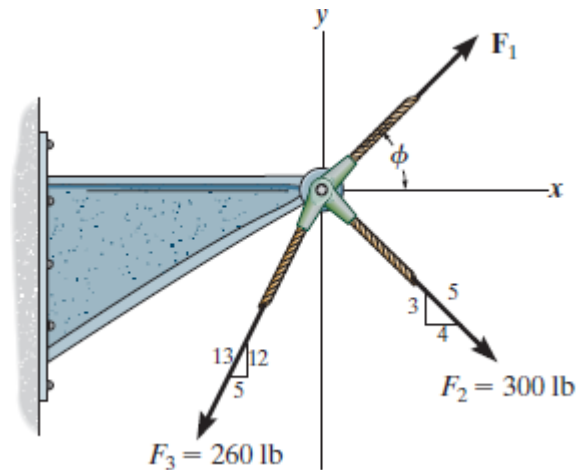
Name: .....

Serial number: ..... Section: .....

**Question: 1**

(8marks)

Determine the magnitude and direction of the resultant force acting on the bracket  
 (take  $F_1 = 250$  lb, and  $\Phi = 30^\circ$ )

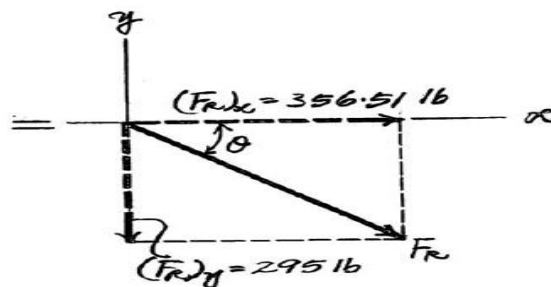
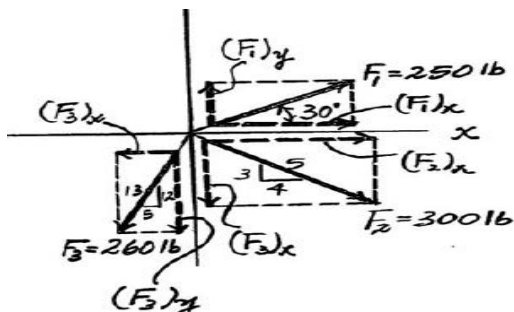


$$\begin{aligned} (F_1)_x &= 250 \cos 30^\circ = 216.51 \text{ lb} & (F_1)_y &= 250 \sin 30^\circ = 125 \text{ lb} \\ (F_2)_x &= 300 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) = 240 \text{ lb} & (F_2)_y &= 300 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = 180 \text{ lb} \\ (F_3)_x &= 260 \left(\frac{5}{13}\right) = 100 \text{ lb} & (F_3)_y &= 260 \left(\frac{12}{13}\right) = 240 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \Sigma (F_R)_x &= \Sigma F_x; & (F_R)_x &= 216.51 + 240 - 100 = 356.51 \text{ lb} \rightarrow \\ + \uparrow \Sigma (F_R)_y &= \Sigma F_y; & (F_R)_y &= 125 - 180 - 240 = -295 \text{ lb} = 295 \text{ lb} \downarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{(F_R)_y}{(F_R)_x} \right] = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{295}{356.51} \right) = 39.6^\circ$$

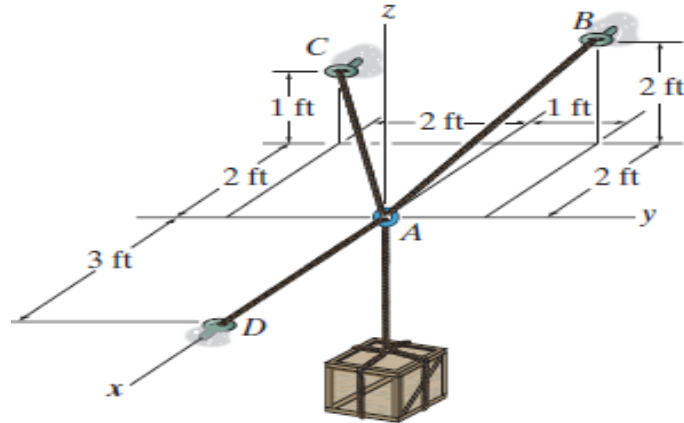
$$F_R = \sqrt{(F_R)_x^2 + (F_R)_y^2} = \sqrt{356.51^2 + 295^2} = 463 \text{ lb}$$



Question: 2

(8marks)

Determine the tension developed in cables AB , AC , AD required for equilibrium 300-lb crate.



$$F_{AB} = F_{AB} \left[ \frac{(-2-0)\mathbf{i} + (1-0)\mathbf{j} + (2-0)\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{(-2-0)^2 + (1-0)^2 + (2-0)^2}} \right] = -\frac{2}{3}F_{AB}\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{3}F_{AB}\mathbf{j} + \frac{2}{3}F_{AB}\mathbf{k}$$

$$F_{AC} = F_{AC} \left[ \frac{(-2-0)\mathbf{i} + (-2-0)\mathbf{j} + (1-0)\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{(-2-0)^2 + (-2-0)^2 + (1-0)^2}} \right] = -\frac{2}{3}F_{AC}\mathbf{i} - \frac{2}{3}F_{AC}\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{3}F_{AC}\mathbf{k}$$

$$F_{AD} = F_{AD}\mathbf{i}$$

$$\mathbf{W} = [-300\mathbf{k}] \text{ lb}$$

$$\Sigma \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0}; \quad F_{AB} + F_{AC} + F_{AD} + \mathbf{W} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\left( -\frac{2}{3}F_{AB}\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{3}F_{AB}\mathbf{j} + \frac{2}{3}F_{AB}\mathbf{k} \right) + \left( -\frac{2}{3}F_{AC}\mathbf{i} - \frac{2}{3}F_{AC}\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{3}F_{AC}\mathbf{k} \right) + F_{AD}\mathbf{i} + (-300\mathbf{k}) = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\left( -\frac{2}{3}F_{AB} - \frac{2}{3}F_{AC} + F_{AD} \right)\mathbf{i} + \left( \frac{1}{3}F_{AB} - \frac{2}{3}F_{AC} \right)\mathbf{j} + \left( \frac{2}{3}F_{AB} + \frac{1}{3}F_{AC} - 300 \right)\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$-\frac{2}{3}F_{AB} - \frac{2}{3}F_{AC} + F_{AD} = 0$$

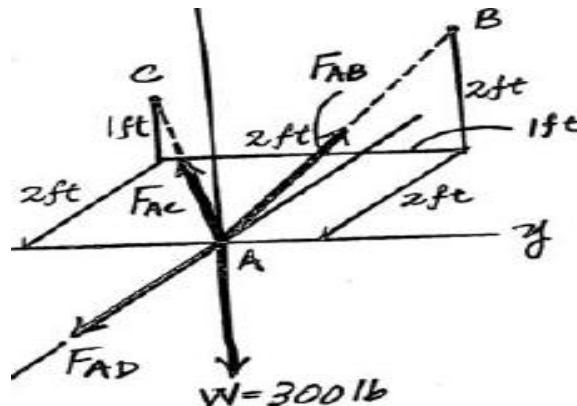
$$\frac{1}{3}F_{AB} - \frac{2}{3}F_{AC} = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3}F_{AB} + \frac{1}{3}F_{AC} - 300 = 0$$

$$F_{AB} = 360 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{AC} = 180 \text{ lb}$$

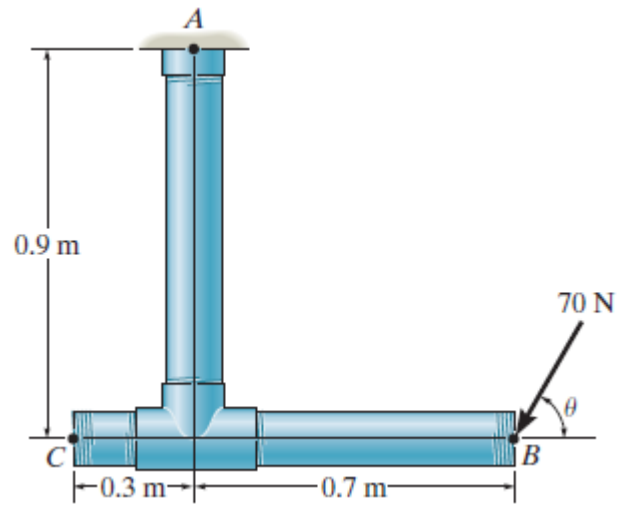
$$F_{AD} = 360 \text{ lb}$$



**Question 3**

**(4 marks)**

Determine the moment produce by the force about point A.



$$\sum M_A = 70 \sin 60^\circ (0.7) + 70 \cos 60^\circ (0.9)$$

$$M_A = 73.94 = 73.9 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \quad \text{Ans}$$