

Philadelphia University Faculty of Engineering Department of Computer Engineering		Date:- 31/03/2016 Allowed time:- 50 Minutes
Object Oriented Programming (630221)		First Exam
Student Name: - ID: -		

Question 1: Mark the following statements as true or false. 5 points

1. A function cannot return a value of type struct.
2. A member of a struct can be another struct.
3. An array can be a member of a class.
4. The member functions of a class must be public.
5. A class can have more than one constructor.

Question 2: Given the following definition of structures: 5 points

<pre>struct name { string fname; string lname; };</pre>	<pre>struct date { int Day; int Month; int Year; };</pre>	<pre>struct address { int Num; string street; string Town; };</pre>
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1. Define a structure type “ Employee” which will contain Number, name, address, Birth date, hiring date and salary (use the appropriate data type for each variable).
2. Define a pointer of type Employee then use it allocates a dynamic array that contain a number of elements entered by the user.
3. Write a function that inputs the information contained in the struct Employee in a single Employee element then use this function to initialize the array declared in the previous question.

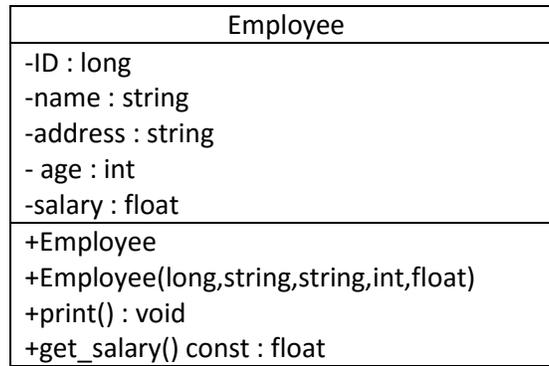
Question 3: Consider the definition of the following class: 4 points

```
class testClass
{
public:
    int sum();
        //Returns the sum of the private member variables
    void print() const;
        //Prints the values of the private member variables
    testClass();
        //Initializes the private member variables to 0
    testClass(int a, int b);
        //initializes the private member variables as x = a and y = b
private:
    int x;
    int y;
};
```

Write the definitions of the member methods as described in the definition of the class testClass.

Question 4: Given the following UML diagram for a class Employee

4 points



Write a definition for class Employee and all member methods of the class.

Question 5: Given the following code

2 points

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class test
{
public:
    static int get_cnt();
    test(int);
    void display();
private:
    static int cnt;
    int value;
};
int test::get_cnt()
{
    return cnt;
}
test::test(int a)
{
    value=a;
    cnt++;
}
void test::display()
{
    cout<<"value="<<value<<endl;
}

int main()
{
```

1. Write a C++ statement that initializes the static variable count to 3.
2. Write a cout statement that display the static value cnt.

Good Luck

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